جمهوری اسلامی افخانستان وزارت صحت عامه ریاست عمومی نظارت ارزیابی و سیستم معلومات صحی آمریت سرویلانس



د عامی روغتیا وزارت د څارنی ارزونی او روغتیاییِ مطوماتو عمومیِ ریاست د سرویلانس آمریت

Islamic Republic of Afghanistan Ministry of Public Health Monitoring Evaluation & Health Information System GD Surveillance Department

National Disease Surveillance & Response (NDSR)

Weekly Epidemiological Report-38th

Date: 13th to 19th Sep 2020

Summary:

- Out of 513 functional Surveillance sentinel sites, 486(94.7%) have submitted reports this week.
- o A total of 455,522 new consultations, 164,157 (36%) were due to Surveillance targeted diseases.
- The main causes of consultations this week were ARI (Cough & Cold), 85,604 cases, 18.8% out of total new consultations, Pneumonia, 12,647 cases, 2.8% out of total new consultations and Acute Diarrheal Diseases, 62,966 cases, 13.8% out of total new consultations.
- A total of 249 deaths were reported this week, of which 41 were due to Surveillance targeted diseases, which includes 28 Pneumonia deaths, 05 Acute Diarrheal Disease deaths, 04 Meningitis deaths, 02 Measles deaths, one Acute Viral Hepatitis death and one Neonatal tetanus death.
- A total of 07 CCHF cases reported from Kabul, Herat, Khost and Kundoz provinces and 328 COVID-19 confirmed cases reported from different provinces.

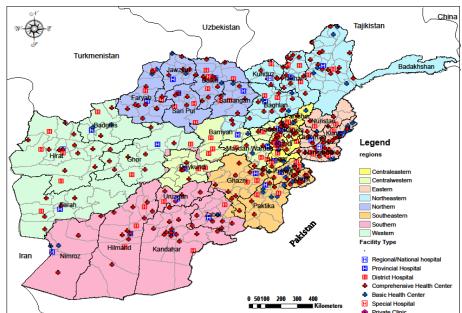


Figure 1: Surveillance/NDSR Sentinel Sites with GPS location by type of Health Facility

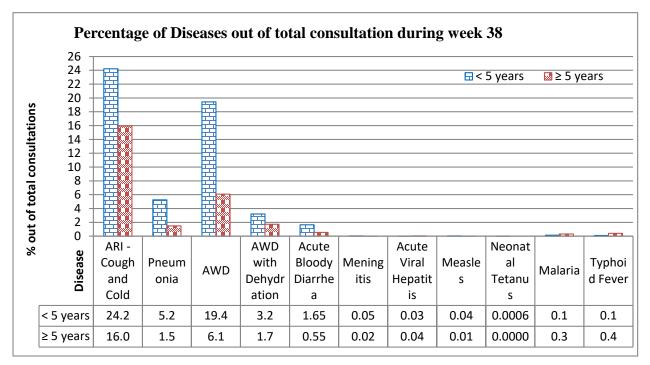
Table 1: Coverage of NDSR Surveillance System

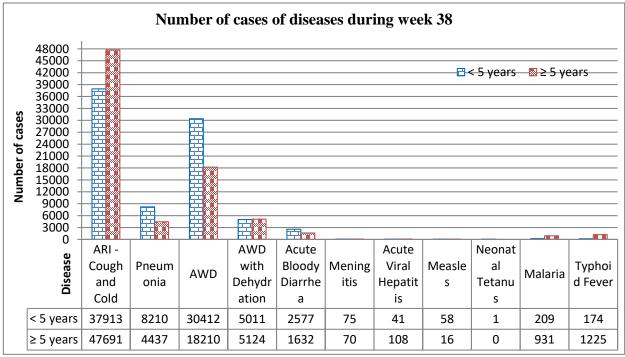
Type of Health Facility	RH/PH	DH	СНС/ВНС	Special Hospital	Other	Total
Total Health Facilities (HF)	37	88	1,315	32	1171	3,718
HF covered by NDSR-Plus	32	77	389	12	3	513

Indicator - based Surveillance:

The Indicator-based surveillance component of NDSR report 16 priority conditions/infectious diseases from sentinel sites on weekly bases. The data is compared with previous weeks and the corresponding week of previous years and the alert and epidemic threshold is checked to see if disease incidence has crossed these levels and necessary action is initiated.

Figure 2: NDSR targeted diseases



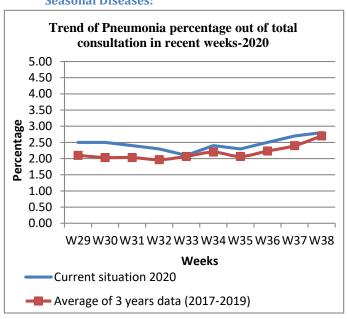


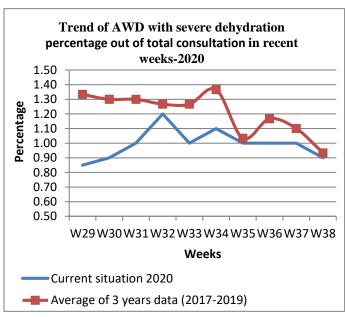
Vaccine-Preventable Diseases (VPDs):

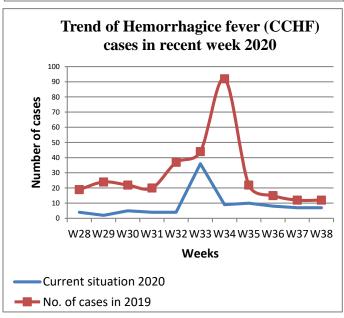
Table 2: Cases and deaths due to VPDs by age group during week 38th, 2020

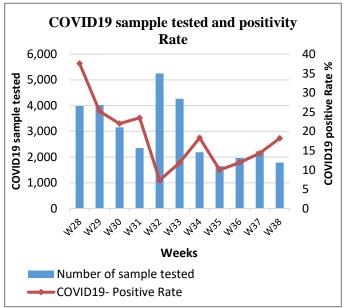
Digagge		Cases			CFR/100		
Diseases	<5 years	≥5 years	Total	<5 years	≥5 years	Total	
Measles	58	16	74	2	0	2	2.7
Neonatal tetanus	1	0	1	0	1	1	0.0

Seasonal Diseases:









During week 38th total of (07) CCHF cases detected, investigated and responded by NDSR teams and the related stakeholders. The details are as below

Suspected CCHF Outbreaks									
Reported dated	Province	District	Village	Total	Total	Age	Occupation	Recommendation/Action take	
				cases	deaths				
13 September 2020	Kabul	District 8	Gosfandara	1	0	36	Worker	During this week 07 suspected CCHF cases were reported from	
13 September 2020	Khost	Markaz	Ronkha	1	0	25	Butcher	Kabul, Herat, Khost and Kudoz provinces, the cases had	
14 September 2020	Kabul	District 8	Karta-e-Now	1	0	30	Teacher	probable contact with animals or the tissues of the animal, case	
15 September 2020	Kabul	Qarabagh	Akrahin	1	0	40	Worker	management were done for all	
16 September 2020	Kunduz	Chahar Dara	Yahyakhil	1	0	40	Worker	the cases and health education sessions were conducted.	
17 September 2020	Kabul	District 12	Arzan Qemat	1	0	30	Butcher	No death was reported from	
17 September 2020	Herat	Injil	Chongar	1	0	15	Student	CCHF in this week	

Figure 3: Outbreaks investigated during the week 38^{th} , 2020

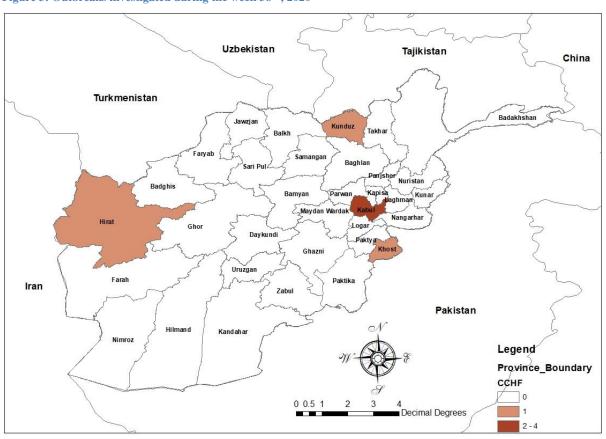


Table 2: Updates on the outbreaks reported during 2020 (29 Dec 2019 to 19th Sep 2020)

Disease/Event	No. of outbreaks	No. of Lab confirmed outbreaks	No. of cases	No. of Deaths	
CCHF	152	10	154	12	
Measles	24	2	278	3	
Scabies	8	0	348	0	
Pertussis	7	0	42	0	
Chickenpox	7	0	137	0	
Dog bites/Suspected Rabies	5	0	58	0	
Pneumonia	2	0	208	46	
Acute Bloody diarrhea	1	0	120	0	
Leishmaniasis	1	1	12	0	
Acute Viral Hepatitis	1	0	10	0	
COVID 19	1	1	39044	1441	
Mumps	1	0	51	0	
Fly Bite	1	0	27	0	
Food poisoning	1	0	24	0	
Total	212	14	40513	1502	

Laboratory surveillance:

A total of 1,797 specimens were collected and shipped to CPHL. Out of which 318 specimens were confirmed for COVID 19.

Influenza Surveillance activities:

In Epidemiological week 38th, 2020, we have received Epidemiological reports from 9 out of 9 sentinel sites. (Kabul, Kapisa, Balkh, Herat, Kandahar, Bamyan, Baghlan, Nangarhar, and Paktya). Out of all new hospital admission, 133 (4.5%) Severe Acute Respiratory Infections cases were reported and 74% of them were among under 5 years old. The proportion of SARI cases was increased as compared to week 37th, 2020. Five SARI associated deaths reported this week. At the 9 provincial levels, the top sentinel sites with the highest proportion of SARI cases were Kabul (26%), Kapisa (14%) and Bamyan (10%). In this Epidemiological week, our field staff sent 12 SARI and 8 ILI specimens to the National Influenza Center (NIC)

COVID-19 Surveillance activities:

In this week 1,789 specimens were tested for suspected COVID-19. Out of which 328 samples were confirmed for COVID 19 by rtPCR. The cases have been managed either in the isolation wards or in home quarantine,

Out of 185 contacts of 328 positive cases which were mostly family members with an average of 2 contacts per case, 117 Contacts were included in contact tracing process. And will be continued till 14 days of their last contact with the cases.

Also surveillance screening teams screened all the passengers in the points of entry for fever, and health education was conducted for them, about 222,597 passengers have been screened for COVID-19 in the point of entry of nine provinces (Kabul, Herat, Paktika, Balkh, Farah, Nimroz, Kandahar, Nangarhar and Kunduz provinces).

Data collection system from the private labs and COVID-19 clinical cases is established

Challenges:

- Duplication of surveillance functions among different departments of MoPH
- Under-reporting of COVID-19 clinical cases from public and private HFs
- Shortage of Lab consumable for conducting rtPCR for COVID-19 cases in public labs
- Poor follow-up for contacts of the lab confirmed cases for early detection of COVID-19 cases by the BPHS implementer NGOs.

Recommendations:

- All surveillance functions should be integrated under one umbrella
- COVID-19 clinical cases reporting should be strengthened in all public and private health facilities and CHW should also report the cases
- Regular supply of VTM and other consumable for all public labs for conducting rtPCR tests for COVID-19 cases
- Contact tracing for all contacts of the lab confirmed cases should be implemented by the BPHS implementer NGOs
- **EPI:** As the system detected 74 suspected Measles cases and 01 Neonatal tetanus case, further prevention and control measures should be conducted by EPI team.
- The findings should be analyzed further in different levels and appropriate actions to be taken by the concerned departments.