#### Ministry of Public Health

# Monitoring Evaluation & Health Information System GD

Diseases Surveillance Department

ریاست عمومی نظارت ارزیابی و سیستم معلومات صحی

و زارت صحت عامه

د څارنی ارزونی او روغتیایی معلوماتو د سیستم عمومی ریاست

والمنو - سيسم حورسي رياست حموسي معارت ارزيابي و سيسم معنو بارتمنت ديبارتمنت سرويلانس امراض

د ناروغیو د سرویلانس دیپارتمنت

National Disease Surveillance & Response (NDSR)

NDSR Weekly Epidemiological Report 48th

Date: 26/11 – 02 /12 - 2023

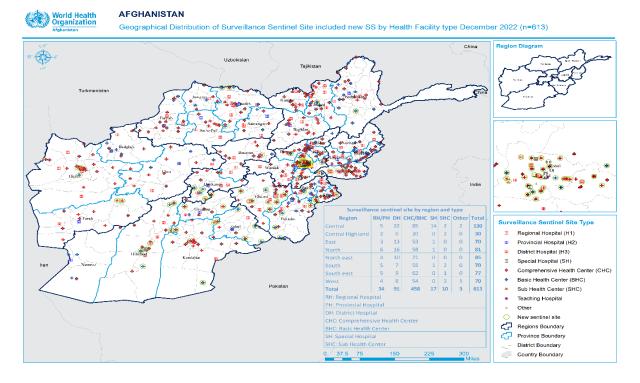
د عامي روغتيا وزارت

### **Summary**:

- Out of 613 functional Surveillance sentinel sites, 608 (99.2%) have submitted reports this week.
- A total of 676,765 new consultations, of which 271,971 (40.2%) were due to Surveillance targeted diseases. That included 144,200 (53%) males and 127,771 (47%) females. Also, 123,081 (45.3%) people under five years old and 148,890 (54.7%) five years old and over were reported this week.
- The main causes of consultations this week were ARI Cough & Cold (186,996 = 27.6% cases out of total new consultations), Acute Diarrheal Diseases (45,289 = 6.7%) cases out of total new consultations, and Pneumonia (34,056=5% cases out of total new consultations).
- A total of 329 deaths were reported this week, of which 91 (27.7%) were due to surveillance-targeted diseases, which include 77 ARI Pneumonia deaths, 08 Suspected Meningitis/ Severely ill Child deaths, 02 COVID-19 deaths, 03 Acute Watery Diarrhea with Dehydration deaths. and 01 Suspected acute viral hepatitis death.
- In addition, during this week, **21** outbreaks were reported: **9** Clinical Scabies outbreaks were reported from, Kabul, Kapisa, Logar, Nangarhar, Paktika, Panjshir, Wardak and Zabul provinces, **07** Chickenpox outbreaks were reported from Bamyan, Kabul, Kunduz, Nimroz, Paktya and Panjshir provinces, **04** Measles outbreaks were reported from Badghis, Baghlan, Balkh and Ghazni Provinces, **01** Dog bites/ Suspected Rabies outbreak was reported form Urozgan Province.

Moreover, 267 COVID-19 confirmed cases and 343 suspected Measles cases were reported at the national level.

• Figure 1: Surveillance/NDSR Sentinel Sites with GPS location by type of Health Facility, 2023



**Table 1: Coverage of NDSR Surveillance System** 

Type of Health Facility	RH	РН	DH	СНС	внс	NH/ Special Hospital	SHC	Other	Total
Total Health Facilities (HF)	8	27	91	437	900	36	1,106	2,093	4,698
HF covered by NDSR-Plus	8	26	90	348	111	17	10	3	613

# **Indicator - based Surveillance (IBS):**

The indicator-based surveillance component of the NDSR, reports 17 priority conditions/infectious diseases from sentinel sites on weekly basis. The data is compared with previous weeks and the corresponding weeks of the previous three years, and the alert and epidemic thresholds are checked to see if disease incidence has crossed these levels and necessary action is initiated.

Figure 2: A

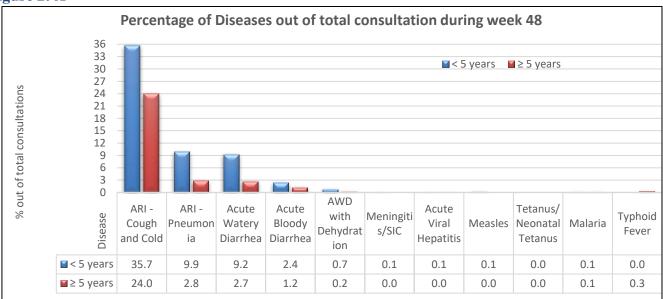
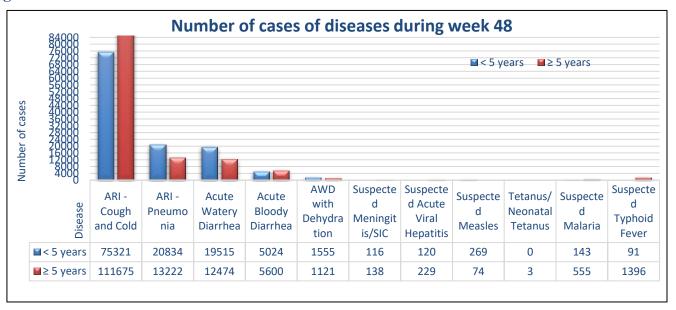


Figure 2: B



#### **Seasonal Diseases:**

Figure 3: A

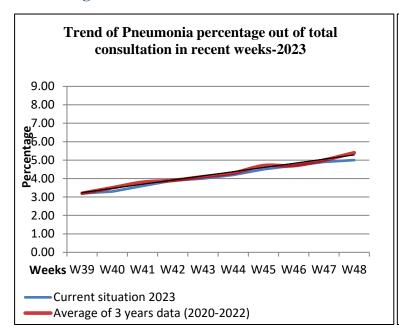


Figure 3: B

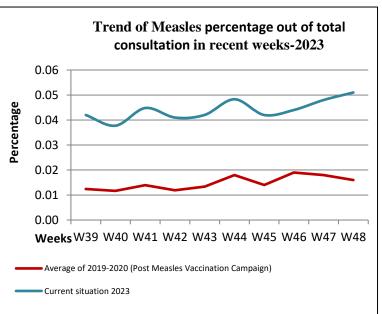


Figure 3: C

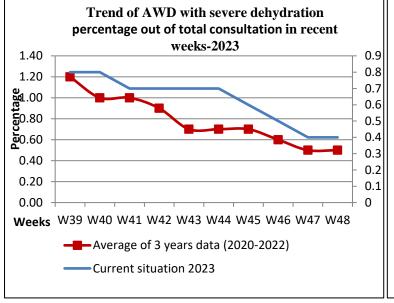


Figure 3: D

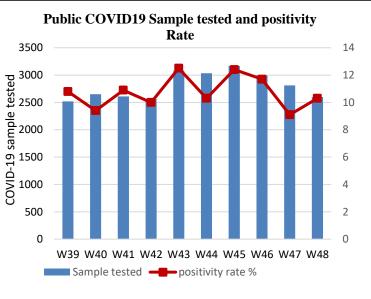


Table 3: Outbreaks in Week 48th 2023:

Clinical	Clinical Scabies outbreaks from Kabul, Kapisa, Logar, Nangarhar, Paktika, Panjshir, Wardak and Zabul provinces									
Reported dated	Province	District	Village	Total Cases	Total deaths	Recommendation				
26/11/2023	Kabul	District 8, Deh Sabz, 9, 10, 10 And 8	Sare Tapa Karte Naw, Bakhtyaran, Qala E Zaman Khan, Qala E Musa Ad Sarak 2 Karte Naw	48	0	During this week, 09 Clinical Scabies outbreaks were reported from Kabul, Kapisa, Logar, Nangarhar, Paktika, Panjshir, Wardak and Zabul provinces and case management was done. Health education sessions were conducted				
28/11/2023	Kapisa	Center	Aroki Bala	9	0	for all the cases.				
28/11/2023	Logar	M. Agha	Safid Sang	5	0					
27/11/2023	Nangarhar	Sorkhroad	Fatehabad	41	0					
28/11/2023	Paktika	Jani Khel	Zafar Khel	15	0					
29/11/2023	Panjshir	Hisa Awal	Shahkhak	7	0					
30/11/2023	r anjsim	Shotul	Dekalan	6	0					
29/11/2023	Wardak	Said Abad	Akakhil Village	25	0					
27/11/2023	Zabul	Qalat	Prison Of Qalat	16	0					

Clinical Chickenpox outbreaks from Bamyan, Kabul, Kunduz, Nimroz, Paktya and Panjshir provinces									
Reported Dated	Province	District	Village	Total Cases	Total Deaths	Recommendation/Action take			
25/11/2023	Bamayn	Shebar	Jalmish	58	0	During this week, 07 Clinical Chickenpox			
31/11/2023	Kabul	District 13	Deh Qaabel	6	0	outbreaks were reported from Bamyan, Kabul,			
26-11-23	Kunduz	Hazrat Imam Sahib	Mola Afghan	12	0	Kunduz, Nimroz, Paktya and Panjshir provinces, and case management was			
02/12/2023	Nimroz	Dilaram	Haji Qayom	10	0	done, health education sessions were conducted			
28/11/2023	Paktya	Gardez	Haleem	7	0	for all the cases.			
28/11/2023	Panjshir	Hisa Awal	Ghonjo	7	0				
02/12/2023	- unjoini	Center	Nawalige	6	0				

	Measles outbreaks from Badghis, Baghlan, Balkh and Ghazni provinces											
Reported Dated	Province	District	Village	Total Cases	Total Deaths	Recommendation/Action take						
25/11/2023	Badghis	Ab Kamari	Mobarak Shah	6	0	During this week, <b>04 Measles</b> outbreaks were reported from Badghis, Baghlan, Balkh and						
30/11/2023	Baghlan	Baghlan -E- Jadid	Noorzai	6	1	Ghazni provinces, case management was done, health education sessions were						
25/11/2023	Balkh	Mazari Sharif	Dashti Shor	9	0	conducted for all the cases.						
12/01/2023	Ghazni	Andar	Dabaly	12	0							

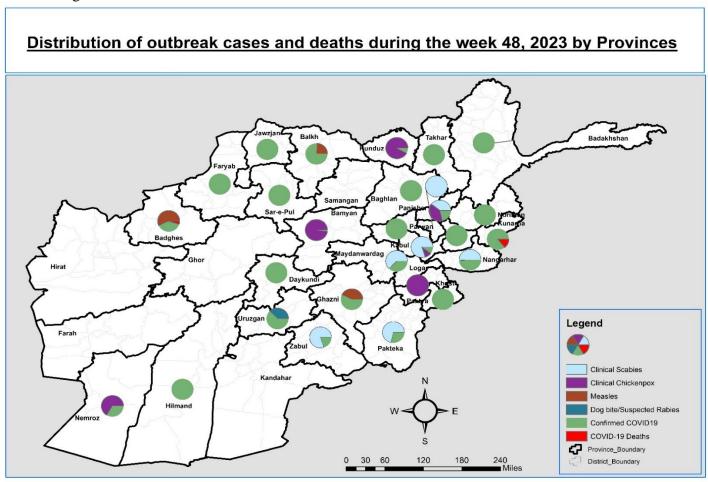
Dog bite/suspected Rabies outbreak from Urozgan province									
Reported dated	Province	District	Village	Total Cases	Total deaths	Recommendation			
27/11/2023	Urozgan	Tarin- Kot	Safid Khar	6	0	During this week, 01 <b>Dog bite/suspected Rabies</b> outbreak was reported from Urozgan province and case management was done. Health education session was conducted for all the cases.			

Table 4: Updated outbreak reports during 2023 (01 Jan 2023 to 02 December 2023)

Disease/Event	Disease/Event	Lab Confirm	<b>Total Cases</b>	<b>Total Deaths</b>
Measles	194	120	2386	12
Suspected Chickenpox	210	6	3023	0
Scabies	204	0	7166	0
Mumps	56	0	895	0
Dog bites/Suspected Rabies	74	0	564	2
Pertussis	57	0	954	1
Pneumonia	28	1	1135	24
Malaria	41	41	3139	0
Leishmaniasis	18	2	1113	0
CCHF	24	24	149	13
Food poisoning	21	0	670	0
Anthrax	14	0	37	1
Unknown Poisoning	10	0	450	3
Typhoid Fever	3	1	105	3
Acute Bloody diarrhea	2	0	124	0
ARI	3	0	152	2

COVID 19	4	4	287	0
Acute watery Diarrhea (Dehydration)	57	54	284	2
Tinea Capitis	2	0	21	0
Skin diseases	3	0	571	0
Tetanus	1	0	3	0
Acute Viral Hepatitis	3	1	34	0
Dengue fever	1	0	2	1
Cat bites/Suspected Rabies	1	0	5	0
Cattle bites/Suspected Rabies	2	0	9	0
Suspected Botulism	3	0	10	5
Suspected Black Fungus	1	0	1	1
Vaccine reaction	1	0	4	0
Jaundice syndrome	1	0	33	0
Pink eye (Viral conjunctivitis)	4	0	46	0
Head Lice outbreak	1	0	281	0
Grand Total	1044	254	23653	70

**Figure 4** Clinical Scabies, Clinical Chickenpox, Measles, Dog bite/Suspected Rabies, COVID-19 Cases, and deaths during the week 48<sup>th</sup> 2023.



## **Laboratory surveillance:**

A total of **4055** specimens were collected and shipped to CPHL and other regional laboratories. Out of which **20** specimens were confirmed for **Dengue Fever. 10** specimens were confirmed for Malaria, **02** specimens were confirmed for **Cholera**, **01** specimens were confirmed for **Acute Influenza cases**, **24** specimens were confirmed for **Measles**, **13** specimens were confirmed for Acute Viral Hepatitis and **01** specimen was confirmed for CCHF (Follow-up by the CPHL is going on).

#### **Influenza Surveillance activities:**

In Epidemiological week 48<sup>th</sup> 2023, we have received reports from 10 out of 10sentinel sites (Kabul, Kandahar, Balkh, Herat, Bamyan, Baghlan, Nangarhar, Kapisa, Paktya and Badakhshan). Out of all new hospital admissions, 590 (12.3%) Severe Acute Respiratory Infections cases were reported and 55% were under 5 years old. The proportion of SARI cases was decreased compared to week 47<sup>th</sup> 2023. 27 SARI-associated deaths were reported this week. At the 10 provincial levels, the top sentinel sites with the highest proportion of SARI cases were Bamyan (28.7%), Kapisa (26.1%), and Kabul (22%) provinces. During this Epi-week, our field staff shipped 60 SARI and 41 ILI specimens to the National Influenza Center (NIC).

#### **COVID-19 Surveillance activities:**

This week, **2599** specimens were tested for suspected COVID-19. Out of which **267** specimens were confirmed for COVID-19 by RT-PCR.

- The COVID-19 case positivity rate was 10.3 % this week, which increased 1.2% compared to the previous week.
- Out of **267 confirmed** cases, **767** contacts out of **188** were traced that were mostly family members, with an average of 4 contacts per case, and will be continued until 14 days after their last contact with the confirmed cases. Also, surveillance screening teams screened all the passengers at the points of entry for fever. In addition, health education was conducted for them. About **28,458** passengers have been screened for COVID-19 at the points of entry in four provinces (Balkh, Herat, Kandahar and Nangarhar).

# **Challenges:**

- Measles cases are still a public health concern in the country. This week, **376 (IBS+EBS)** Measles cases were reported to the surveillance system.
- Scabies cases are on increasing trend as a public health challenge due to unimproved lifestyle of the community.
- Chickenpox cases are on increasing trend, and it is recommended to provide its vaccine through the national EPI.
- Dog-bite cases are on increasing trend, and it is recommended to provide its control measure through the Zoonotic committee in national level.
- ARI cough and cold cases are on the increasing trend (0.2%) compared to the previous week.
- Pneumonia cases are on the increasing trend (0.1%) compared to the previous week.
- Diarrheal diseases are on the decreasing trend (0.3%) compared to the previous week.
- CCHF preventive and control measures should be strengthened.
- COVID-19 preventive and control measures should be strengthened.
- Public awareness regarding ARI prevention and control is needed.

- Vaccine preventable diseases (especially Measles and Pertussis vaccination and preventive measures) should be strengthened.
- The measles response strategy should be reviewed to respond to the current measles epidemic situation.
  - **EPI**: As the surveillance system detected **376** (**IBS+EBS**) suspected Measles cases at the national level, further prevention and control measures should be conducted by the EPI team.
- The findings should be analyzed further at different levels, and appropriate actions should be taken by the concerned department.